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III.—THE IE. ROOT *SELO-*.

I.

There is a wide-spread root *selo-*, with the by-form *selā-*, which seems to have expressed primarily motion from side to side or in a circle or downward. Most common among the derived meanings are: 'swing, throw; sway, dance; wind, twist; slink, creep; bend, sink; slip, slide'. These meanings are apparently not very closely connected, yet most of them, and others in addition, will be found under the base *sele-g^aa^z* below, and we shall see how easily the various significations are derived from a common center. The root is represented in the following words:—

1. ChSl. *sŭlati* 'schicken', Gk. ἄλλομαι, Lat. *salīō* 'leap, spring', *salebra* 'jolting, rough road' (from which certainly Goth. *salđra* 'possen' need not be separated), Lith. *selū* 'schleiche' (cf. Prellwitz, Et. Wb.; Brugmann, Grd. I², 456), Lith. *selā* 'schwachheit, ohnmacht', i. e. 'a slipping, falling away', *selūju* 'zage'. With Lith. *selā* compare Lat. **sōlā-* 'weakness, softness, gentleness', whence *sōlā-rī* 'lindern, mitigare, soothe, lighten, comfort, console'.

Here also probably ON. *selja* 'treiben; überliefern, abliefern, geben', Goth. *saljan* 'opfern', primarily 'let slip, let go', and hence closely connected in meaning with ChSl. *sŭlati* 'schicken'. Gk. ἐλεῖν 'seize, take' probably comes from the idea of rapid motion. Compare ON. *hreifa* 'stir, move': *hrīfa* 'seize'; MHG. *snaben* 'springen, eilen; stolpern, straucheln', *snappen* 'wanken, straucheln; angreifen, strassenraub treiben'.

From the primary meaning 'fall, befall, happen' may belong here OE. *sæl* 'occasion, time; opportunity; condition; happiness', *sælan* 'happen', *sælig* 'happy, prosperous', Goth. *sēls* 'gütig, mild', etc. Such a development of meaning would be perfectly natural. And it is certain that OE. *sæl* represents this Germ. word in its earliest extant meaning. Not 'happiness' but 'occasion, time' is the earlier signification. But Germ. *sēla-* may go back to a pre-Germ. **sē-lo-* 'a sowing, season, proper time', root *sē-* 'sow' (cf. author, PBB, XXIV, 531), and could, in that case, not be connected with the root *selo-* under discussion.

If, however, we assume that this group is derived from the root *selo-*, we may then separate Germ. *sēla-* into two sub-groups with divergent meanings, the first represented by OE. *sēl* 'occasion; opportunity; happiness', *sēlig* 'happy', OHG. *sālig* 'glücklich', etc. (compare MLG. *slumpen* 'glücken', I, 4 below); the second by Goth. *sēls* 'gütig, mild'. These would represent a pre-Germ. **sēlo-* 'falling, befalling, fortunate: falling away, yielding, mild, soft'. Goth. *sēls* would therefore be most closely related in meaning to Lith. *sėlà* 'schwachheit', Lat. *sōlā-rī* 'lindern, mitigare'. Although this brings us to a connection between Goth. *sēls* and Lat. *sōlārī* made by Brugmann, Die Ausdrücke für den Begriff der Totalität, 47, the explanation of this connection is entirely different.

Now from the root *selo-* are formed, with the suffixes *-no-* (*-nā-*, *-ni-*, *-nu-*), *-mo-*, *-to-*, *-bo-*, etc., the derived bases *sele-no-* (*sel-no-*, *slē-no-*, *sl_o-no-*), *sele-mo-*, etc.; and, with the suffixes *-īo-*, *-uo-*, the bases *sele-īo-*, (*sleīo-*, *slī-*) and *sele-uo-* (*sleuo-*, *slū-*), whence the derivatives *slei-mo-*, *-bo-*, *-po-*, etc. and *sleu-mo-*, *-bo-*, *-po-*, etc. (cf. Persson, Wz. 189 f.).

2. Base *sele-na^{*}*: Gk. ἐλένη 'wicker basket' < **selenā* 'a twisting, twining', Skt. *sr̥ṇī* 'sichel', *sr̥ṇi* 'haken zum antreiben des elefanten', Lith. *sėlinu* 'schleiche, lauer', ON. *slen* 'träghheit', *slinni* 'schwerfälliger mensch, lout', Lat. *lēnis* 'soft, mild', *lēniter* 'slowly, indolently', perhaps from **slē-ni-* 'bending, weak, soft'.

3. Base *sele-ma^{*}*: Skt. *srāmā* 'hinkend, lahm', *srāma* 'verrenkung des fusses, lahmheit, siechtum', MHG. *slemen* 'umkehren, stürzen, wenden', ON. *slōma* 'swing, brandish', *slamra* 'beat', Norw. *slamre* 'lärmen, toben', Sw. *slamra* 'klappen, klirren', E. *slam* 'zuschmeissen'.

4. Base *sele-ba^{*}*: Lat. *labō* 'totter, waver, sink', *lābor* 'slip, fall; go to ruin, perish', Skt. *lāmbatī* 'hängt herab', ON. *slapa* 'los hangen', *slāpr* 'schlaffer mensch', OHG. *slaf* 'schlaff', *slāf* 'schläfe', i. e. 'thin, sunken-place', Goth. *slēpan* 'sleep', Lith. *slābnas*, ChSl. *slabū* 'schwach', OHG. *sleffar* 'lubricus', ON. *slepja* 'schleimen', *sleppa* 'entschlüpfen', MHG. *slampen* 'schlaff herabhängen', *slump* 'schlumpig', NHG. *schlamp*, *schlempe*, *schlump*, *schlumpfe*, *schlumpen*, etc., Sw. *slumpa* 'schleudern, schlaudern', *slump*, Dan. *slump* 'zufall', *slumpe* 'etwas zufällig bekommen; über etwas fallen', MLG. *slumpen* 'glücken', E. *slump*, *slumphy*, Gk. λαμβάνω 'fall upon, seize, grasp, take', λάβρος 'furious, violent', λαβίς 'forceps, buckle, clasp', NHG. *schlimpe*

'catch'. Or *schlimpe* may be compared with Lat. *limbus* 'noose; band' (cf. II, 5).

5. Base *sele-pa*^z-. ON. *slafask* 'sagtne, aftage, nachlassen', *slafa* 'slobber', *slafr* 'babbling, gewäsch', NHG. *schlabbern*, Lith. *slīpnas* 'schwach, kraftlos', *slīpti* 'schwach werden', *slėpiu* 'verberge, verstecke', *slapūs* 'wer sehr heimlich thut, schleicher', Lett. *slēpt* 'verheimlichen', MHG. *slimp*, *-bes* 'schief, schräge; nicht richtig, verkehrt', NHG. *schlimm*, Gk. *λαπαρός* 'slack, loose', *λαπάρα* 'flank, loins', Lith. *slėpsna* 'dünnung, weichen'.

Gk. *λαπαρός* may come from the base *seleg*^z-o- and be cognate with Lat. *lacuna* (v. infra). Some of the Germ. words may be from the base *sele-bho*-. So we may compare ON. *slafa* 'slobber', G. *schlabbern*, MHG. *slam*, *-mes* 'schlamm' (for older **slamp*, *-bes*), *slemmen* 'prassen, schlemmen' with Gk. *λέμφος* 'schleim, rotz' (cf. Prellwitz, Et. Wb. s. v.). For the development of the meaning 'slime' see below.

6. Base *sele-ga*^z-. MHG. *slenken* 'schwingen, schleudern', *slanc* 'schlank, mager', Du. *slank* 'dünn, behende', ON. *slakke* 'slope', E. *slink* 'creep away, sneak', *slinky* 'thin, lank', *slink* 'produced prematurely', as, a *slink* calf, Dan. *slunken* 'schlaff, schlotterig, leer', Sw. *slinka* 'schlüpfen, schleichen', *slankig* 'schlotterig, nachlässig', OE. *slincan* 'creep, slink', OHG. *slinc* 'left' (hand), Gk. *λήγω* 'cease', *λαγάρος* 'slack, hollow; pliant', *λαγών* 'empty space, cleft, cave; flank', Lat. *langued* 'be languid', OHG. *slah*, ON. *slakr slækinn*, OE. *slac* 'slack' (cf. Schade, Wb. s. v. *slac*; Uhlenbeck, Ai. Wb. s. v. *lágati*), to which add OE. *ā-seolcan* 'become languid', *ā-solcen* 'slothful, remiss', *ā-solcennes* 'torpor, sloth', Lith. *slėgiu* 'bedrücke, presse', *slogus* 'beschwerlich, schwierig'.

7. Base *sele-q^a*^z-. Lith. *slenkù* 'schleiche', *slinka* 'faulenzler, schleicher', *slankè* 'bergrutsch, erdfall', ChSl. *slakū* 'krumm', OHG. *slango* 'schlange', *slingan* 'winden, flechten, hin- und herziehend schwingen', OE. *slingan* 'schleichen', Du. *slingeren* 'schwingen, schleudern', ON. *slyngva* 'werfen', *slyngr* 'flink, rasch, keck', *slunginn* 'umgeschlungen; schlaue, listig', Sw. *slängd* 'geschickt, durchtrieben', *slyngel* 'schlingel, flegel, strick', i. e. 'a slinger, word-slinger, a forward, bold, impudent fellow' (so that ON. *slyngr* 'rasch, keck': Sw. *slyngel* shows a development similar to MHG. *quec*, *kec*: NHG. *keck*), Norw. *slengja kjeften* 'sling the jaw, use insulting language', *slengjeord* 'insulting word, sling', E. *slang* 'insult with vulgar language',

Dan. *slænge* 'schleudern, werfen; umhertreiben', *slæng* 'geschlepp, gefolge, anhang, sippenschaft'. Similarly developed is perhaps OHG. *slahta* 'geschlecht', Norw. *slægt* 'verwandt', Dan. *slægt* 'verwandschaft, familie'. Compare ON. *slōði* 'schleppe': Sw. *slödder* 'anhang, gesindel, bande'.

8. With *schlingen*, *schlinge* we may also compare Lat. *laqueus* 'noose, snare', *lacūna* 'hollow, opening, cleft', *lacūnar*, *laquear* 'a fretted or paneled ceiling', and perhaps Gk. *λαπαρός* 'slack, loose', though this may belong to the base *sele-po-*. (Compare Gk. *λαγάρος* 'slack, hollow, sunken', *λαγών* 'empty space, cleft, cave', Dan. *slunken* 'schlaff, schlotterig, leer'.)

Here also belongs Lat. *loquor* 'talk', primarily 'flap, clack, chatter'. Compare ON. *slōða* 'schleppen', Sw. *sladdra* 'hin und her schwatzen', Dan. *sladre*, LG. *schladdern* 'schwatzen, plaudern'; ON. *sloðra* 'sich hinschleppen', MHG. *sloten* 'zittern, klopfen', *slotern* 'schlottern, zittern; klappern, schwatzen', Dan. *sludre* 'schwatzen, faseln, schnattern'; ON. *slōra* 'dally, dawdle', Gk. *λήρος* 'idle talk, nonsense'. For many other examples of the same development see author's Color-Names and their Congeners, XVI, 51 ff.

9. Base *sele-go-*: OE. *sealh*, OHG. *salaha* 'willow', primarily 'bending, pliant', Gk. *ἐλκω* 'draw, drag, trail', *ἐλκός* 'attractive; grasping, greedy; trailing, slow' (notice the widely divergent yet quite natural development in meaning: 'attractive': 'greedy': 'slow'), *ἐλκαῖος* 'drawn, towed; trailing, creeping', *ἐλκός* 'a drawing, dragging; track, furrow', Lat. *sulcus* 'furrow', OE. *sulh* 'furrow; plow': Av. *harecayeiti* 'schleudert, wirft', Skt. *sr̥ká* 'lanze', Goth. *slahan* 'schlagen'.

This is the same change in meaning as seen in Lith. *slenkù* 'schleiche', OHG. *slingan* 'winden, flechten, schwingen, schleichen', Sw. *slinga* 'schlingen', *slänga* 'schleudern, werfen', *släng* 'schlag, streich, hieb'. That *slahan* meant primarily 'swing, sway' is evident from the derivatives of this base. If the primary meaning were 'cut', 'thrust', 'pierce' or 'hammer', 'pound', NHG *schlag* would not be used in some of its significations nor should we expect such compounds as *umschlag*, *einschlag*, etc. Compare also Sw. *slag* 'schlag; umdrehung', *slå* 'querholz, riegel', ON. *slaga* 'kreuzen, schief gehen', *slōgr* 'schlau, listig', Dan. *for-slagen*, NHG. *verschlagen*; and Du. *sluw*, Sw. *slug* 'schlau', in which *slu-* may possibly come from *sl-*, as also *la-* in Lat. *lax* 'fraus', *laci* 'in fraudem inducit', *lactō* 'allure, dupe'. Here

we evidently have the primary meaning 'turning quickly, geschickt, gewandt, wily' as in Sw. *slängd* 'geschickt, durchtrieben', ON. *slunginn* 'wound up: sly, artful'. Compare the same development in Lith. *vejù* 'turn, twist', *vėlà* 'wire': OE. *wīl* 'wile' (cf. author, Mod. Lang. Notes, XVI, 22 f); OE. *wrencan* 'twist': 'play tricks', *wrenc* 'artifice, trick', Skt. *vṛjiná* 'krumm, falsch, ränkevoll'; Lith. *verpiù* 'spin', i. e. 'twist', Skt. *vārpa* 'list, kunstgriff' (cf. Uhlenbeck, Ai. Wb. s. v.).

10. Bases *sele-to-*, *-do-*, *-dho-*: Lith. *slatau* 'sich vor etwas ducken, drücken', Lat. *lateō* 'lurk, skulk, lie hid', *latus* 'side, flank', OSw. *slind* 'seite', early LRh. *slenden* 'gleiten', early Du. *slinderen* 'gleiten, ausschlüpfen', MHG. *slint* 'schlund; schlinger', *slunt* 'schlund, kehle, hals; kluft, abgrund; schluck; schlemmer', Goth. *fraslindan* 'verschlingen', LG. *slendern* 'schlendern', Sw. *slända* 'spindle', ODu. *slinder* 'thin, slender'; ON. *slōð* 'spurweg', *slōðða* 'über die erde hinschleppen'; E. *slatter*, *slattern*, Dan. *slat*, *slatten* 'schlaff, lose, schlotternd', *slentre* 'schlendern', *slunte* 'schlendern, treiben', Sw. *slinta* 'gleiten, ausgleiten, abgleiten', E. *slant* 'slope', MHG. *slenzic* 'träge, müssig', NHG. *schlenzen*, *schlunzen*; Lith. *slėdnas* 'abschüssig', OE. *slæd* 'dell'; Gk. *λανθάνω*, *λήθω* 'escape notice, entschlüpfe, entgehe', base **slā-dho-*, perhaps also in ON. *slōð* 'track'.

11. Base *sele-sa-*: Skt. *srāṁsatē* 'fällt ab, senkt sich, erschläfft, schwindet hin, zerfällt', ON. *slas* 'a coming to harm', *slys* 'misfortune', *slasask* 'come to harm', Sw. *slask* 'geschlampe; schlackwetter; schmutz', *slaskig* 'schlackrig', *slaska* 'sudeln; schlackern', *slusk*, 'unsauberer mensch', E. *slash*, *slush*. Compare Sw. *slumpa* 'schleudern', MHG. *slampen* 'schlaff herabhängen', *slump* 'schlumpig', NHG. *schlempe*, etc.

12. Base *sele-ra-*: ON. *slōra* 'dally, dawdle', Gk. *λήπος* 'idle talk, nonsense' < **slēro-s* 'schlotternd', *ληπέω* 'talk or act foolishly', *λαρίνω* 'coo', Lith. *slardau* 'murmelnd antworten'; Dan. *slark* 'taugenichts' < **slorgo-* 'drooping, slack', *slarke* 'die zeit verträumen', Lat. *largus* 'abundant, copious' < **slrgo-* 'loose, wide, large' like *laxus*, ON. *slark* 'noise', MHG. *slurc* 'schlund' < **slrgo-* 'fallen away, sunken, hollow', *slurken* 'schlucken', Dan. *slurk* 'schluck', *slurke* 'trinken', Gk. *λάρυγξ* 'schlund, kehle', Lat. *lurcō* 'glutton' (cf. Prellwitz, Et. Wb.); Sw. *slarfva* 'nachlässig sein', Dan. *slarve*, *slurve* 'unordentlich sein', MHG. *slerfen* 'die füsse schleppend einhergehen, schlarfen', *slarfe* 'abgetretener schuh, schlarfe, pantoffel', *ge-slerfe* 'schleppe', Du. *slurpen* 'schlüpfen', Scotch *slorp* 'snivel; slobber; slump'.

II.

With the suffix *-iō-* the base *sele-iō-*, *slei-*, *slī-* is formed, from which many derived bases. For this formation compare Skt. *dhūnōti* 'schüttelt, bewegt hin und her, entfernt, beseitigt', *dhū-yā-tē* 'wird geschüttelt', Lat. *suf-fiō*, *suf-fītus*, *suf-fīmen* (cf. Brugmann, Grd. I², 323), OE. *dwīnan* 'waste away, dwindle', *dwīmor* 'specter, delusion' (cf. author, Color-Names, X, 1 g). So from *selo-* in Lith. *selū* 'schleiche' comes the base *slei-a^z-* as in Pruss. *sloyo* 'unschlitt', whence the bases *slei-ma^z-*, *-ba^z-*, *-pa^z-*, etc. Similarly with *-uo-* is formed a new base *sele-uo-*, *sleu-*, *slū-* as in Skt. *sīsarti*, *sārati*: *srā-va-ti*; *drāti*: *drā-va-ti*; *tārati*: Gk. *τέρος*, *τρώω*, and many others (cf. Persson, Wz. 100 ff.).

1. Base *sele-ia^z-*, *slei-*: Gk. *ἐλι-τροχος* 'whirling the wheel', *ἐλι-χρυσος* 'creeping plant with yellow flower', Pruss. *sloyo* 'unschlitt'.

2. Base *slei-na^z-*: Gk. *ἐλιος* 'tendril', *ἐλινύω* 'slack from work, be slack, lazy; rest, sleep; enjoy leisure, keep peace, keep holiday', *ἐλινύες* 'days of rest, holidays'.

3. Base *slei-ma^z-*: Lith. *selejimas* 'das schleichen', Lat. *līma* 'file', *līmō* 'rub, schleifen, file, polish', *līmus* 'slanting, sidelong' (compare Sw. *slinta* 'slide': E. *slant*), Lat. *līmen* 'threshold, lintel, barrier', primarily 'thwart, cross-piece', *līmes* 'cross-path', Skt. *srēman* 'fehler', Lat. *līmus*, OE. *slīm* 'slime', Gk. *λείμαξ* 'shell-less snail', *λειμών* 'moist place, meadow', OIr. *slemain* 'lubricus' (cf. Persson Wz. 110). Some of these may belong to the root *lei-*, which is confused with *slei-* in some forms.

4. Base *slei-ua^z-*: Skt. *srūyati* 'missrät', *srēvāyati* 'lenkt aus der bahn', Gk. *λαίος*, Lat. *laevus* 'link' <**slaiwō-* 'slipping, slanting', OHG. *slō* 'kraftlos, träge, matt, stumpf, welk', OE. *slāw* 'sluggish, slow'; Lith. *slývas*, ChSl. *slīva* 'plum', OHG. *slīo* 'schleie', Lat. *salīva* 'slime, spittle'. The 'plum-tree' was the 'gummy, sticky tree'; the *schleie* 'the slimy fish' (cf. Kluge, Et. Wb. s. v.).

5. Base *slei-ba^z-*: OHG. *slīfan* 'gleiten, ausgleiten, gleitend sinken; schleifen, glätten, schärfen', MHG. *sleif* 'schlüpfrig', E. *slope* 'schräge, abhang', *slope* 'neigen, senken; schief sein', OE. *slīpīg* 'slimy', NHG. *schlimpe* 'schliesskrampe', Lat. *limbus* 'noose, snare; fillet, band; belt, girdle; welt, border' (compare MHG. *sliefen* 'schliefen, schlüpfen': *sloufe* 'öffnung, kreis; bekleidung' (eines säuglings), NHG. *schleife*), *lībō* 'pour out, offer;

take away, diminish, impair', Gk. *λεῖβω* 'pour forth', mid. 'flow, trickle, melt away', Lat. *liber* 'loose, free, bold'.

6. Base *slei-pa^z*:- Lith. *nù-slimpa* 'entschlüpft', Lett. *slīpt* (*slīpu*) 'gleiten, schief werden', Lat. *lippus* 'dropping; blear-eyed, dim-sighted', ChSl. *slěpŭ* 'blind', i. e. 'triefäugig', OE. *tō-slīfan* 'split' (compare Lat. *libō* 'pour out: take away, crop' < **sleibō* 'cause to slip or run out: cause to fall away'), E. *sliver* 'a long piece cut or rent off, splinter', ON. *sleif*, Dan. *slev* 'rührlöffel', Sw. *slef* 'kelle' (compare OHG. *spān* 'spahn'; E. *spoon*), prov. E. *slive* 'sneak, schleichen', *slive* 'split'.

7. Base *slei-dha^z*:- Skt. *srēdhati* 'strauchelt, geht fehl, macht falsch', Lith. *slidūs* 'glatt', *slýstu* 'gleite', Lett. *slaidis* 'abschüssig', OE. *slidan* 'slide, glide' *slidrian* 'slip' (cf. Uhlenbeck, Ai. Wb.)' Lat. *libra* 'pound' < **slīdhra* 'a hanging down, weight, pondus'.

8. Base *slei-da^z*:- MHG. *slāzen* 'abstreifen, abschälen; abnutzen, zerreißen, aufbrauchen, hinbringen', refl. 'zerreißen, sich lösen, abstreifen', intr. 'spalten, reißen, zerreißen', *sleizen* 'zerreißen, spalten; die rinde abstreifen; zerstören', refl. 'zu grunde gehen, verfallen', ON. *slita* 'abnutzen, zerreißen', *sleita* 'streit; arglistigkeit, ränke; schlaffheit, trägheit', OE. *slitan* 'tear, rend, destroy, irritate, slander', Dan. *slide* 'zerren, reißen; schleissen, abnutzen', *slid* 'abnutzung: anstrengung, mühe', Lat. *laedō* 'strike, damage, vex, annoy', Gk. *λαῖδρός* 'bold, impudent', *λοιδορος* 'abusive, reviling'. Compare OHG. *slīfan* 'gleiten; schleifen': Lat. *libō* 'diminish, impair, take away'; Lett. *slīpt* 'gleiten', Lith. *nù-slimpa* 'entschlüpft': OE. *tō-slīfan* 'split', E. *sliver*; Goth. *slīupan* 'schleichen': *afslauþjan* 'abstreifen'.

9. Base *slei-ta^z*:- OE. *slīpe* 'painful, severe, dangerous', *slīpan* 'injure', Goth. *sleips* 'schädlich, schlimm', *ga-sleipjan* 'schädigen', *sleipa* 'detrimentum', *sleipei* 'gefahr', etc. These evidently come from the primary meaning 'slip off, strip off, wear away' as in Lat. *libō*; OE. *tō-slīfan*; *slitan*; Goth. *slauþjan*. Compare also Lat. *terō*, *trīvī* 'rub, rub to pieces, wear out', *dē-trimentum* 'a rubbing off: loss, damage'; *mordeō* 'bite', primarily 'rub off, gnaw', OE. *smeart* 'causing pain', Gk. *σμερδαλέος* 'dreadful, fearful', root *smēr-* 'rub', from which also OHG. *smero* 'schmeer, fett' < **smerq^hō-*, with which compare NHG. *schmirgel* 'schleimiger absatz im pfeifenrohr', ChSl. *smrŭkŭ* 'rotz', Lith. *smarkata* 'schleim, rotz', and also *smarkūs* 'heftig, grausam', *smėrkti* 'in not zu versetzen suchen', NHG. dial. *schmorgen* 'darben, not leiden' (cf. Zupitza, Germ. Gutt. 137).

10. Base *slei-ǵa^z*:- ChSl. *lězq* 'schreite', Lat. *ligō* 'umschlingen, umwinden, bind up, bandage, bind', OHG. *sl̥hhan* 'schleichen', MHG. *sl̥ich* 'schlamm, schlick', *sl̥ich* 'leise gleitender gang; spur; list', OE. *sl̥ic* 'cunning', MHG. *sl̥ichen*, *sl̥icken* 'schlingen, schlucken', ON. *sleikja* 'lick', Gk. *λίγδην* 'scraping, grazing', Lat. *ligō* 'hoe, grub-ax', i. e. 'scraper', OE. *sl̥icc* 'hammer', LG. *sl̥iken* 'schleichen, (v. monde) abnehmen', Dan. *sl̥ik* 'kleinigkeit', Gk. *λγύς* 'thin, sharp, shrill' (sound), *λγυρός* 'pliant, flexible; sharp, shrill'.

11. Base *slei-q^a*:- Lith. *sl̥ėkas* 'regenwurm', OE. *sl̥ā-wyrm* 'blind-schleiche', OHG. *sl̥ēha* 'schlehe', primarily 'gummy tree' (cf. *slei-ṡa^z*- above), Lat. *ob-l̥iquus* 'slanting, awry', *liqueō* 'be fluid', *l̥iquor* 'flow, dissolve.'

12. Base *slei-ka^z*:- Lat. *licium* 'leash, thread', *licinus* 'bent upward', Gk. *λικμός* 'winnowing fan', *λικνον* 'wicker fan; basket; cradle', *λικριφίς* 'cross-wise', *λεικνίζω* 'swing, rock; winnow', *λαϊκάς* 'prostitute', *ἐλιξ* 'twisted, bent, winding'; 'a twist, whirl, eddy; tendril; curl; bowels; spiral line', *ελικός* 'eddying', *ελίκη* 'a winding, twisting; willow', *ελίσσω* 'turn, roll, wind, wrap, bend, twist, twine; whirl, spin, move quickly, run to and fro', *ἐλιγμα* 'fold of a garment, wrapping; curl, ringlet', Lat. *salix* 'willow'.

13. Base *slei-gha^z*:- Gk. *λειχήν* 'flechte an bäumen und auf der haut', ON. *sl̥iga* 'overburden', i. e. 'cause to bend', *sl̥igask* 'bend under burden', Lith. *sl̥yktu* (*sl̥ygau*) 'schlummere'.

14. Base *slei-ra^z*:- Dan. *sl̥ire* 'gleiten', Norw. *sl̥ire* 'scheide' (compare OE. *sl̥idan* 'gleiten': ON. *sl̥idr* 'scheide'), Gk. *λτρός* 'bold, shameless'.

III.

1. Base *sele-ṡo-*, *sole-ṡo-*, *sleu-*: Lat. *solvō* 'loose, loosen, separate, relax, release', Lith. *s̥ėlavā*, *salavā* 'muräne' (compare Gk. *μύρον* 'salbe': *μύραινα* 'muräne'), E. *slue* 'twist, turn', perhaps from OE. **sl̥eowian*, Goth. *sl̥awan* 'schweigen', OE. *sl̥ūma* 'slumber', ON. *sl̥eyma* 'dummkopf', Sw. dial. *sl̥ummen* 'sehr mager, schwach', Norw. dial. *sl̥øyma* 'dünn werden' (cf. Persson Bezz. Beitr. XIX, 262). These are all from the underlying meaning 'fall away, slip away', also in MHG. *sl̥ūn* 'das faulenzen', Sw. *sl̥ynig* 'flegelhaft', *sl̥yna* 'dumme Liese'. Here belongs Germ. *salwa-* 'faded': OE. *salō* 'dark-colored', E. *sallow* 'bleich, fahl', etc., with which compare Gk. *ἐλειός* (<**seleu̯iō-s*?) 'kind of mouse; kind of falcon'.

2. Base *sleu-ra^z*:- E. *slur* 'slide over', Du. *sleuren*, *sloren* 'schleppen', MHG. *slār* 'das schleudern, der stoss; das herumstreifen, faulenzen; faulenger', *slīer* 'lehm, schlamm', *slīere* 'geschwür, beule', perhaps Gk. *λαύρα* 'narrow passage, lane, defile', Lat. *lūra* 'mouth of a skin or leathern bag' (cf. MHG. *sloufe*), though these may be from the root *leu*-.

3. Base *sleu-ba^z*:- Lat. *lūbricus* 'slippery', Lith. *slubnas* 'schwach, matt', Goth. *slīupan* 'schlüpfen, schleichen', *afslaupjan* 'abstreifen', OHG. *sloufen* 'schlüpfen lassen; einhüllen, kleiden in', *slīofan* 'schliefen, schlüpfen', MHG. *sloufe* 'öffnung, kreis; bekleidung', OE. *ofer-slop* 'surplice', *slāpan* 'glide', *slyppe* 'slime, paste', ON. *slupra* 'schlürfen', MHG. *slüpfen* 'schlüpfen; schlürfen', E. *slop* 'überlaufen; besudeln'.

4. Base *sleu-pa^z*:- Lett. *schlāups* 'schräg', *schlāupstīt* 'abschrägen', OE. *slīefan* 'slip on' (dress), *slīefe-scōh* 'slipper', *slīefe* 'sleeve', ODu. *slōve* 'velum, tegmen, folliculus', LG. *slāve* 'hülse, schote', NHG. *schlaube* 'hülse', *schlofen* 'twist slightly' (wool), E. *slub* 'draw out and twist slightly', *sloven* 'ein schlotteriger, schlumpiger mensch', Lat. *lupa* 'prostitute'.

5. Base *sleu-ga^z*-, *ga^z*:- Lith. *slaužiu* 'krieche auf der erde': *slūkstu* (*slūgau*) 'nehme ab, werde kleiner' (von einer geschwulst), MHG. (LRh.) *sliechen* 'schleichen', *slūch* 'abgestreifte haut; schlauch; schlund', *slücke* 'öffnung, lücke', *slucken* 'schlucken; sluchzen', *slūchen*, 'schlucken', *sluhtisch* 'träge, faul', late MHG. *slucke* 'faltenrock der weiber', E. *slouch* 'schlaff niederhangen; sich schwerfällig vorwärts bewegen' < OE. **slūcian*, ON. *slauka* 'slump through', *slok* 'gutter', *sloka* 'swallow', Sw. *sloka* 'schlaff hangen', LG. *slukk* 'low-spirited, sad'. Here also may belong Gk. *λευγαλέος* 'traurig', Lat. *lūgeō* 'trauere', though another explanation is possible (cf. Prellwitz, Et. Wb.).

6. Base *sleu-ga^z*:- Lith. *slūkau* 'schleiche, faulenze', Lett. *schlūkt* 'glitschen', *nū-slauka* 'woran man etwas abwischt', *pa-slauka* 'abschaum', Gk. *λανκανίη* 'schlund, kehle', E. *slough* 'abgestreifte haut', *slug*, *sluggish*, ON. *slý* 'slimy water-plant.'

6a. Here probably, rather than to *sele-ga^z*, belong ME. *slī*, *sly* (from OE. **slýh*), E. *sly* 'nimble, skillful, dexterous; artful, cunning, wily', Sw. *slug* 'schlau, klug', Dan. *slu* (*slug*) 'verschmitzt, verschlagen, listig', Du. *sluw*, LG. *slū* 'schlau', NHG. *schlau*, Bav. *schlauch* 'schlau'. The last forms point to a MHG. **slūch*, **slūher*, OHG. **slūh*, from which come the double forms *schlau*, *schlauch* corresponding to *rauh*, *rauch* from MHG. *rūch*, *rūher*.

The meaning 'sly' probably developed the same as in ON. *slægr* and *slunginn* (see I, 7). Or it may come from the closely allied signification 'moving secretly', as in MHG. *slich* 'leise gleitender gang, schleichweg: list', OE. *slíc* 'cunning'. Compare Czech. *lisati* 'streicheln', MHG. *leise* 'spur, gelease', *līse* 'leise, langsam', i. e. 'schleichend', OE. *ge-līsian* 'slip, glide': *list*, Goth. *lists* 'list.'

7. Base *sleu-ta*⁻: ON. *slodra* 'sich hinschleppen', *slydra* 'matigkeit, unthätigkeit', Sw. *sludder* 'nachlässigkeit', *sluddra* 'nachlässig sein', Dan. *sludder* 'gewäsch', *sludre* 'schwätzen, faseln', MHG. *slüder-affe* 'müssiggänger' (not the same as *slur-affe* but formed with a synonymous *slüder*), *slüder* 'schleuder', *slüdern* 'schleudern, schlenkern', NHG. *schleudern* 'move irregularly, shamble, swing; sling, throw, toss, hurl' (cf. MHG. *slenkern* 'schwingen, schleudern', NHG. *schlenkern* 'swing, dangle, roll: fling, toss'), MHG. *slotern* 'schlottern, zittern; klappern; schwätzen', *sloten* 'zittern, klappern', *slote* 'schlamm', Scotch *slud* 'schmutz', Lat. *lutum* 'mire, mud', *lustrum* 'swamp, bog', MHG. *slüde* 'schwertscheide' (cf. OE. *slīdan* 'slide': ON. *slitr* 'scheide'; Dan. *slire* 'gleiten': Norw. *slire* 'scheide').

Here belong, as was long ago recognized, Goth. *afslaupjan* 'in bestürzung versetzen, ängstigen', *afslaupnan* 'in bestürzung geraten, staunen' (cf. Schade, Wb.). These are from an adj. **slaups* 'slipping, falling; fallen, cast down, distressed, bestürzt'. Compare OE. *slincan* 'creep, slink', *slacian* 'relax efforts, slacken': Lith. *slėgiu* 'bedrücke', *slogus* 'beschwerlich, schwierig'; Lith. *pri-slaudžiu* 'krieche heran': *slaudžiu* 'drücke, dränge, belästige', ON. *slūta* 'herabhängen'.

8. Base *sleu-da*⁻: ChSl. *sludy* 'abhäng', *sludnŭ* 'abhängig', Lith. *pri-slaudžiu* 'krieche heran', *slaudžiu* 'drücke, dränge, belästige', ON. *slūta* 'hang down, slouch', *slota* 'hang down, be limp; slacken, become calm, still', *slot* 'calm', *slytti* 'anything limp', *slyttinn* 'weak, indolent, lazy', Sw. *slutta* 'schief sein, sich neigen, sich senken, abfallen, sich abdachen', E. *slot* 'the track of a deer, track; a narrow depression or aperture, esp., one for the reception of a piece fitting or sliding in it', *slut* 'an untidy woman, slattern', *sleet* 'hail or snow, mingled with rain', Dan. *slud* 'regen und schnee, nasskalte witterung', *slud-fuld* 'regnicht, nasskalt', MHG. *slōz*, *slōze* 'hagelkorn, schlosse'. Compare MHG. *slach* 'schlaff, welk': NHG. *schlack* 'mischung von regen und schnee'; ON. *slasask* 'come to harm': Sw. *slask*

'geschlampe, schmutz', E. *slush*; MHG. *slampen* 'schlaff herabhängen': *slump* 'schlumpig', etc.

Here also belong MHG. *slōz* 'band, fessel, riegel, schloss, burg', OHG. *sloz* 'riegel, schloss', MHG. *sliezen* 'fügen, zusammenfügen, an einander befestigen; umfassen, begreifen; schliessen, verschliessen', OHG. *sliozan*, OLG. *bi-sliotan* 'schliessen, verschliessen', OFries. *slūta*, MLG., MDu. *slūten* 'schliessen'; Sw. *slūta* 'zuthun, schliessen; beendigen, vollenden; schliessen, enden', prov. E. *slot* 'zuschmeissen'. The primary meaning of Germ. *slūtan*, *sleutan* is 'zufallen lassen, zudrücken, zusammenfügen, befestigen', etc., which is the causative use of ON. *slūta* 'herabhängen', and but slightly different in meaning from Lith. *slaudžiu* 'drücke, dränge'. Compare MHG. *slampen* 'schlaff herabhängen', Sw. *slumpa* 'schleudern': NHG. *schlimpe* 'schliesskrampe', Gk. λαβίς 'schnalle, haken'.

IV.

The growth of the root *selo-* through the addition of suffixes may be illustrated as follows:

1. *Selo+*: Lith. *selū*, *selėti* 'schleichen', *sėlà* 'schwachheit'; Gk. ἐλένη 'wicker basket' < **selenā* 'a twisting, twining', ON. *slen* 'trägeit', Lith. *selomis eiti* 'schleichen', Skt. *srāmā* 'hinkend'; Lat. *lābor* 'slip', *labō* 'totter, sink', ON. *slapa*, MHG. *slampen* 'los hangen'; ON. *slafask* 'nachlassen', Lith. *slpnas* 'schwach', *slėpiu* 'verberge'; OE. *slæc* 'schlaff', *ā-seolcan* 'languescere', *slincan* 'schleichen, langsam vergehen'; Lith. *slenkū*, OE. *slingan* 'schleichen', OHG. *slingan* 'winden, flechten, schwingen'; Gk. ἐλεω 'schleppe', ON. *slaga* 'schief gehen', Goth. *slahan* 'schlagen'; early LRh. *slenden* 'gleiten', Lith. *slatau* 'ducke mich'; Lith. *slėdnas* 'abschüssig', Dan. *slat* 'schlaff, lose, schlotternd', Sw. *slinta* 'gleiten, ausgleiten'; Skt. *srāṁsatē* 'fällt ab, erschläft', ON. *slasask* 'zu schaden kommen'; ON. *slōra* 'dawdle', Sw. *slarfva* 'nachlässig sein', MHG. *slerfen* 'die füsse schleppend einhergehen'.

2. *Sele-žo+*: Gk. ἐλ-τροχος 'whirling the wheel'; ἐλινος 'tendril'; Lith. *selejimas* 'das schleichen', OHG. *slīm* 'schleim'; Skt. *srēvāyati* 'lenkt aus der bahn', OHG. *slēo* 'kraftlos, träge'; *slīfan* 'gleiten, ausgleiten', Gk. λείβω 'pour forth'; Lett. *slīpt* 'gleiten, schief werden', prov. E. *slive* 'schleichen'; Lith. *slidūs* 'glatt', OE. *slīdan* 'gleiten'; ON. *sleita* 'ränke, arglistigkeit; schlaffheit, trägeit', MHG. *slīzen* 'abstreifen; zerreißen'; Goth.

sleipa 'detrimentum'; OHG. *sl̥hhan* 'schleichen', ChSl. *l̥zq* 'schreite', Lat. *ligō* 'umschlinge, umwinde, binde'; Lett. *slaiķa* 'art schlitten', Lith. *slėkas* 'regenwurm'; Gk. *ἐλιξ* 'twisted, winding; twist, whirl', *ἐλίσσω* 'turn, roll, wind, wrap'; ON. *sliga* 'überlasten', Lith. *slykstu* (*slygau*) 'schlummere'; Dan. *slire* 'gleiten', Norw. *slire* 'scheide'.

3. *Sele-uo*+: Lat. *solvō* 'loose, loosen, relax', E. *slue* 'wenden', Goth. *slawan* 'schweigen'; ON. *sleyma* 'dummkopf', Sw. dial. *slummen* 'sehr mager, schwach'; *slyna* 'dumme Liese', MHG. *slūn* 'das faulenzten'; *slār* 'das faulenzten', Du. *sleuren* 'schleppen'; Lith. *slubnas* 'schwach', Goth. *slīupan* 'schlüpfen, schleichen'; Lett. *schlāups* 'schräg', OE. *slīefan* 'slip on'; Lith. *slaužiu* 'krieche', ON. *slauka* 'slump through'; Lith. *slūkstu* (*slūgau*) 'werde kleiner'; *slūkau* 'schleiche, faulenze', E. *slug*; ON. *slōðra* 'sich hinschleppen', *slyðra* 'mattigkeit', MHG. *slotern* 'schlottern'; ON. *slūta* 'herabhängen', Sw. *slutta* 'schief sein, sich neigen', ChSl. *sludy* 'abhäng'.

4. Throughout the group of words coming from the root *selo-* we find such terms as 'slime, slop, slaver, slush', etc. In some cases the underlying idea is 'slippery' or 'sliding, gliding'; in others, 'slack, loose, dripping'.

Lith. *selū* 'schleiche': Skt. *salilā* 'fließend', Lith. *selė* 'holzfloss', *salā* 'insel', Lat. *in-sula* (compare Goth. *ahwa* 'wasser', MHG. *ouwe* 'wasser, strom: wasserland, insel', OE. *īeg* 'island'; Skt. *srāva* 'fluss': ChSl. *o-strovū* 'insel').—MHG. *slampen* 'schlaff herabhängen': *slump* 'schlumpig', NHG. *schlempe* 'slop', prov. E. *slump* 'boggy place'.—Lith. *slūpnas* 'schwach', ON. *slēfa* 'geifern', E. *slaver*, NHG. *schlabbern*, Gk. *λάπη* 'phlegm, filth', *λάμπη* 'scum', ChSl. *slēpati* 'sprudeln' (or this to Lith. *szlāpias* 'nass'), Skt. *sarpi* 'schmalz', OHG. *salba* 'salbe'; Gk. *λέμφος* 'schleim, rotz', MHG. *slam(m)* 'schlamm'.—MHG. *slach* 'schlaff, welk': NHG. *schlack* 'slush', *schlackern* 'slushy or sloppy weather', *schlackern* 'rain heavily'; OE. *ā-seolcan* 'become languid, droop': Sw. *solke* 'schmutz', MHG. *selken* 'tröpfelnd niederfallen, sich niedersenken' (von wolken).—Gk. *ἐλω* 'schleppe', ON. *slaga* 'schiefgehen', *slagna* 'niederfallen: feucht werden', Dan. *slagne* 'feucht werden', OE. *slagu* 'slag, dross', *slōh* 'slough, mire'.—Early LRh. *slenden* 'gleiten', ON. *slōð* 'spurweg', *slōði* 'schleppe': MHG. *sluot* 'schlamm', Lat. *latex* 'liquid, fluid'.—Skt. *srāmsatē* 'fällt ab, senkt sich, erschläfft, zerfällt', ON. *slasask* 'come to harm': Gk. *ἐλος* 'niederung,

sumpf', Skt. *sáras* 'teich, see', Sw. *slask* 'geschlampe, schmutz', *slaska* 'sudeln, manschen; schlackern', *slusk* 'unsauberer mensch', E. *slush*.—MHG. *slerfen* 'die füsse schleppend einhergehen', NHG. *schlarfen*, *schlürfen*, *schlürpfen*: Scotch *slorp* 'snivel; slobber; slump', Du. *slurpen* 'schlürfen, sip'.—Lat. *lima* 'file': *limus*, OHG. *slīm* 'slime'.—OHG. *slīfan* 'gleiten', MHG. *slēif* 'schlüpfrig, glatt': NHG. Swab. *schleif* 'schleimig', OE. *slīpīg* 'slimy', Gk. *λείβω* 'drip', *λείβρός* 'dripping, wet; dark, gloomy'.—Prov. E. *slive* 'schleichen', Lett. *slīpt* 'gleiten, schief werden': Lat. *lippus* 'dropping; bleary-eyed, dim-sighted', ChSl. *slēpū* 'blind'.—OHG. *slēo* 'kraftlos, matt, welk': Lat. *salva* 'slime, spittle'.—OHG. *slīhhan* 'schleichen': MHG. *slīch* 'schlamm, schlick', MLFr. *slīje* 'sumpf, schlamm'.—Lett. *slaiķs* 'gefügig', *slaiķa* 'art schlitten', Lith. *slėkas* 'regenwurm': Lat. *liqueō* 'be fluid', *liquor* 'flow, dissolve'.—Du. *sleuren*, *sloren* 'schleppen', MHG. *slūr* 'das faulenzen': *slīer* 'lehm, schlamm', ON. *slor* 'slim af fisk'.—ON. *slodra* 'sich hinschleppen': MHG. *slote* 'schlamm', Lat. *lutum* 'mud, mire', *lustrum* 'slough, bog'.—ChSl. *sludy* 'abhäng', Lith. *pri-slaudžiu* 'krieche heran', ON. *slūta* 'herabhängen', E. *slut* 'schmutziges frauenzimmer, schlumpe', *sleet* 'regen und schnee untereinander', Dan. *slud* 'regen und schnee; nasskalte witterung', MHG. *slōz*, *slōze* 'hagelkorn, schlosse'.—OE. *slūpan* 'glide': *slēpa*, *slyppe* 'paste, slime', ON. *slupra*, Dan. *slubre* 'schlürfen', MHG. *slüpfen* 'schlüpfen: schlürfen', E. *slop*.—Lith. *slaužiu* 'krieche auf der erde', ON. *slauka* 'sich hinüberschleppen' (bog, swamp): *slok* 'rinne', *slokr* 'skum fra munden paa dyr', Gk. *λύγαιος* 'dark, gloomy', primarily 'dripping' as in *λείβρός* 'dripping: dark, gloomy'.

4a. Compare the similar development in meaning in the following:

Lith. *sūbóju* 'schaukele, wiege mich', *svam̃balas* 'was hangend baumelt, bleilot', NHG. *schwappen* 'sich zitternd hin- und herbewegen' (von flüssigkeiten und weichen massen), E. *swap* 'fall suddenly, flap', *swoop* 'fall upon, seize', OE. **swōpian*, ON. *sōpa* 'sweep' from **swōp-* (cf. Noreen, Urg. Lautlehre, 212): MHG. *sumpf*, E. *swamp* 'sumpf', Sw. *svamp* 'pilz'.—MHG. *swanken* 'schwanken', Scotch *swank* 'schwank, behende: sumpf', *swanky* 'sumpfig'.—Goth. *siggan* 'sinken', ON. *søkk* 'sinken, höhle', E. *sink* 'drain; low place in land, where waters sink and are lost': Sw. *sank* 'sumpfig'.—Skt. *lōlati* 'bewegt sich hin und her'

Lith. *liuleti* 'sich geleerartig bewegen': *liulýnas* 'moorgrund'.—Dan. *logre*, Lith. *liunginti* 'mit dem schwanze wedeln: *liūgas* 'morast', *liūgūs* 'sumpfig, kotig'.

5. From 'sway, totter, slip; slip away, fall away' come words for 'slack, loose, lazy, weak, sick' and 'thin, slender, hollow, empty: cleft, cavern, abyss, gorge, gullet, throat'. These ideas are so closely connected that they will be given under one head.

Lith. *sėlà* 'schwachheit, ohnmacht'; ON. *slen* 'träghheit'; Skt. *srāma* 'lahmheit, siechtum'; ChSl. *slabŭ*, Lith. *slābnas* 'schwach', OHG. *slaf* 'schlaff, träge', *slāf* 'schläfe', ON. *slāpr* 'schlaffer mensch'; Lith. *sīlpnas* 'schwach', *slėpsna*, Gk. *λαπάρα* 'dünnung, weichen', *λαπαρός* 'slack, loose', E. *slab* 'thin piece'; MHG. *slanc* 'schlank, mager', E. *slinky* 'thin, lank', Dan. *slunken* 'schlaff, schlotterig, leer', OE. *slæc* 'slack', Gk. *λαγρός* 'slack, hollow, sunken', *λαγών* 'empty space, cleft, cave: flank'; Lat. *lacūna* 'hollow, opening, cleft', *lacūnar*, *laquear* 'fretted or paneled ceiling', MHG. *slinc*, *slunc*, *-ges* 'schlund', *slinc-vahs* 'mit losen, sich slängelnden haaren versehen'; ODu. *slinder*, E. *slender* 'schlank', OSw. *slind* 'seite', Lat. *latus* 'side, flank', MHG. *slunt* 'kluft, abgrund, schlund, kehle, hals', *slint* 'schlund'; Lith. *slėdnas* 'steep', OE. *slæd* 'dell', MHG. *slāt*, *slōt* 'ofenloch, schlot'; Dan. *slat*, *slatten*, E. *slattern* 'schlaff, schlotternd', MHG. *slenzic* 'träge, müssig'; Dan. *slark* 'taugenichts', MHG. *slurc*, Gk. *λαρυγξ* 'schlund'; Sw. *slarf* 'nachlässigkeit'.—OHG. *slēo* 'kraftlos, träge, matt'; ON. *slēila* 'schlaffheit, träghheit'; LG. *slīken* 'schleichen; (vom monde) abnehmen', Dan. *slīk* 'kleinigkeit', Gk. *λεγύς* 'thin, sharp, shrill' (sound).—ON. *sleyrna* 'dummkopf', Sw. *slummen* 'sehr mager, schwach'; MHG. *slūn* 'das faulenzten', Sw. *slyna* 'dumme Liese', MHG. *slūr* 'das faulenzten', Gk. *λαύρα* 'narrow passage, defile', Lat. *lūra* 'mouth of a leathern bag'; Lith. *slubnas* 'schwach, matt', MHG. *sloufe* 'öffnung'; E. *sloven* 'schlotteriger, schlumpiger mensch'; MHG. *slūch* 'schlund', *slücke* 'öffnung, lücke', *sluhtisch* 'träge, faul', NHG. *schlucht* 'chasm', E. *slouch* 'schlotteriger mensch, tölpel'; Gk. *λαυκαίνη* 'schlund, kehle', E. *sluggish* 'träge, faul'; ON. *slyðra* 'mattigkeit', Sw. *sludder* 'nachlässigkeit', MHG. *slüder-affe* 'müssiggänger'; ON. *slyttinn* 'träge, faul', E. *slut* 'schlump', *slot* 'narrow aperture'.

5a. In the above are several words for 'flank, side' from 'bending; sunken; hollow', etc. Compare the following: MHG. *weich* 'weich, biegsam, schwach': NHG. *die weichen*.—MHG. *dünne* 'dünn': *daz dünne* 'die weiche', NHG. *dünnung*.—MHG.

linc 'link', OE. *hlinc* 'slope, hill', *hlanc* 'lank, lean': OHG. *hlanca* 'hüfte, lende'.—OE. *hlinian* 'lean, recline', *hlip* 'slope, hill': ON. *hlid* 'side'.—Lith. *lendù* 'krieche', *lindynė* 'versteck', Pruss. *lindan* 'thal'; Lat. *lumbus*, OHG. *lentin* 'lende'.—Gk. πλάγιος 'quer, schief': τὰ πλάγια 'seiten, flanken'. Here perhaps also Germ. **flanka* 'flank'.

6. Closely allied to these are words denoting that which may be slipped off or on or into, hence 'hull, shell; slough, skin; garment; hiding-place', etc.

Lith. *sėlenà* 'schlaube, schale'; Sw. *slang* 'schlauch'; MHG. *slieme* 'dünne haut'; OE. *ofer-slop* 'surplice', MHG. *sloufe* 'bekleidung', *sluf*, *slupf-loch* 'schlupfwinkel'; OE. *slēve* 'sleeve', ODu. *slōve* 'velum, tegmen, folliculus', LG. *slūve* 'hülse, schote', NHG. *schlaube* 'hülse'; MHG. *slūch* 'abgestreifte haut, schlauch'; ME. *slogh*, *slouh*, E. *slough* 'abgestreifte haut, schorf', OE. **slūh* (: Lett. *schlūkt* 'glitschen'); MHG. *sliude*, *slūde* 'schwertscheide'; ON. *slidr* 'scheide'; Norw. *slire* 'scheide'.

7. Of similar development are words for 'slip off, peel off, scrape (make smooth, whet), slit, sliver'.

Lat. *lima* 'file', *limō* 'rub, file, polish'; OHG. *slifan* 'gleiten: schleifen, glätten, schärfen', Lat. *libō* 'take away, diminish, impair', OE. *tō-slifan* 'split' E. *sliver* 'splinter'; MHG. *slizen* 'abstreifen, abschälen, zerreißen', OE. *slitan* 'tear, rend', Lat. *laedō* 'damage, injure'; OE. *slīpan* 'injure', Goth. *ga-sleipjan* 'schädigen'; ON. *slīkr* 'glatt', OHG. *slīhten* 'glatt machen, glätten', Lat. *ligō* 'hoe'; Goth. *afslauþjan* 'abstreifen'.

8. From the derived meaning 'gorge, gullet, throat' come several words for 'swallow'.

MHG. *slint* 'schlund: schlinger', *slunt* 'kluft, abgrund, schlund, kehle: schluck, schwelgerei, trunkenheit; schwelger, schlemmer', *slinden* 'schlucken, schlingen', Goth. *fra-slindan* 'verschlingen'.—MHG. *slinc*, *slunc*, *-ges* 'schlund': NHG. *schlingen*. This implies a MHG. **slingen* 'swallow' which must have existed by the side of *slinden*, corresponding to *slint*, *slunt*: *slinc*, *slunc*.—Gk. λάρυγξ 'gullet, throat', MHG. *slurc* 'schlund': *slurc-hart* 'schlemmer', *slurken* 'schlucken'.—MHG. *slūch* 'schlund, kehle, gurgel: schwelger, säufer, fresser', *slūchen*, *slucken* 'schlingen, schlucken', ON. *sloka* 'drikke i store drag, nedsvælg', Sw. *sluka*, Dan. *sluge* 'verschlingen', *slugen* 'gefrässigt, gierig'.

Compare MHG. *swalch* 'schlund': OHG. *swelgan* 'verschlucken, saufen'.

9. In other cases words for 'swallow' imply a careless eating or drinking, a slopping, slobbering.

MHG. *slampen* 'schlaff herabhängen', *slump* 'schlumpig': *slamp* 'gelage', *slampieren* 'unmässig essen', NHG. *schlampen*, *-pfen* 'schlemmen'.—Lith. *silpnas* 'schwach': ON. *slefa* 'geifern', E. *slaver* 'drivel', *slabber*, NHG. *schlabbern* 'schlürfen, so dass das eingeschlürfte zum teil wieder herausfällt'.—MHG. *slam* 'schlamm': *slemmen* 'schlemmen, prassen', i. e. 'slop, slobber'.—Sw. *slarfva* 'nachlässig sein': Du. *slurpen*, Dan. *slurpe* 'schlürfen', Scotch *slorþ* 'auf unsaubere art, mit schnüffeln und schluchzen weinen; in unreinlicher weise mit patschen und schmatzen essen'.—ON. *sloðra* 'sich hinschleppen', Sw. *sluddra* 'nachlässig sein': Scotch *sludder* 'unreinlich essen'.—ON. *slota* 'hang down, be limp', E. *slut* 'schlampe': OE. *slota* 'morsel', Scotch *slutter* 'beim essen patschen, sabbern'.—OE. *slūpan* 'gleiten', *slyppe* 'schleim': ON. *slupra*, Dan. *slubre* 'schlürfen', MHG. *slüpfen* 'schlüpfen: schlürfen', E. *slop* 'begiessen, beschütten, besudeln: hastig, gierig trinken'.

10. In a few instances words for 'taste, lick' come from 'scrape, graze, touch', a signification that is derived from 'slide over'. But in no case, so far as I have found in this group of words, does 'swallow, slobber, sip' come directly from 'slide, slip' but from some intermediate idea.

OHG. *slifan* 'gleiten; schleifen', Lat. *libō* 'touch, lessen, diminish (i. e. 'scrape off)': 'taste, sip, crop'.—OHG. *slīhhan* 'schleichen': ON. *sleikja*, Sw. *slicka* 'lecken', MHG. *slīchen*, *slicken* 'zupfen: schlucken, schlingen', *slīc* 'bissen, trunk, schluck; fresser.'

Sanskrit.

<i>lāmbatē</i> I, 4	<i>sr̥ṇtī</i> I, 2
<i>lōlati</i> IV, 4a	<i>srāṁsatē</i> I, 11; IV, 1, 4
<i>sāras</i> IV, 4	<i>srāmā</i> I, 3; IV, 1, 5
<i>sarpī</i> IV, 4	<i>sr̥ḍhati</i> II, 7
<i>salilā</i> IV, 4	<i>srēman</i> II, 3
<i>sr̥kā</i> I, 9	<i>srēvāyati</i> II, 4; IV, 2

Greek.

ἄλλομαι I, 1	ἐλένη I, 2; IV, 1
ἐλεῖν I, 1	ἐλίκη II, 12
ἐλειός III, 1	ἐλινος II, 2; IV, 2

ἐλιξ II, 12; IV, 2
 ἐλίσσω II, 12; IV, 2
 ἐλίτροχος II, 1; IV, 2
 ἔλκω I, 9; IV, 1, 4
 ἔλος IV, 4
 λαβίς I, 4
 λάβρος I, 4
 λαγαρός I, 6; IV, 5
 λαγών I, 6; IV, 5
 λαιδρός II, 8
 λαικάς II, 12
 λαιός II, 4
 λαμβάνω I, 4
 λάμπη IV, 4
 λανθάνω I, 10
 λαπάρα I, 5; IV, 5
 λαπαρός I, 5, 8; IV, 5
 λάπη IV, 4
 λάρυγξ I, 12; IV, 5, 8

λαρύνω I, 12
 λαυκανίη IV, 5
 λαύρα III, 2; IV, 5
 λείβω II, 5; IV, 2, 4
 λεικνίζω II, 12
 λειμών II, 3
 λειχήν II, 13
 λέμφος I, 5; IV, 4
 λήγω I, 6
 λῆρος I, 12
 λίγδην II, 10
 λιγυρός II, 10
 λιγύς II, 10; IV, 5
 λικμός II, 12
 λικριφίς II, 12
 λῆρός II, 14
 λοιδορός II, 8
 λῡγαίος IV, 4
 ὀλκός I, 9

Latin.

insula IV, 4
labo I, 4; IV, 1
labor I, 4; IV, 1
laci I, 9
lacuna I, 8; IV, 5
lacunar I, 8; IV, 5
laedo II, 8; IV, 7
laevus II, 4
langueo I, 6
largo I, 12
lateo I, 10; IV, 5
latex IV, 4
latus I, 10
laquear I, 8; IV, 5
laqueus I, 8
lax I, 9
lenis I, 2
liber II, 5
libo II, 5; IV, 7, 10
libra II, 7

licinus II, 12
licium II, 12
ligo 'bind' II, 10; IV, 2
ligo 'hoe' II, 10; IV, 7
lima II, 3; IV, 4, 7
limen II, 3
limes II, 3
limus II, 3; IV, 4
lippus II, 6; IV, 4
liqueo II, 11; IV, 4
lubricus III, 3
lugeo III, 5
lumbus IV, 5a
lupa III, 4
lura IV, 5
lurco I, 12
lustrum III, 7; IV, 4
lutum III, 7; IV, 4
obliquus II, 11
salebra I, 1

<i>salio</i> I, 1	<i>solari</i> I, 1
<i>saliva</i> II, 4; IV, 4	<i>solvo</i> III, 1; IV, 3
<i>salix</i> II, 12	<i>sulcus</i> I, 9

Gothic.

<i>lists</i> III, 6a	<i>slawan</i> III, 1; IV, 3
<i>saljan</i> I, 1	<i>sleipa</i> II, 9; IV, 2
<i>saldra</i> I, 1	<i>-sleipjan</i> II, 9; IV, 7
<i>sêls</i> I, 1	<i>slēpan</i> I, 4
<i>slahan</i> I, 9; IV, 1	<i>-slindan</i> I, 10; IV, 8
<i>-slauþjan</i> III, 3; IV, 7	<i>sluipjan</i> III, 3; IV, 3
<i>-slauþjan</i> III, 7	

Old, Middle and New High German.

<i>hlanca</i> IV, 5a	<i>slEIF</i> II, 5; IV, 4
<i>lentin</i> IV, 5a	<i>schleif</i> IV, 4
<i>linc</i> IV, 5a	<i>slemen</i> I, 3
<i>salaha</i> I, 9	<i>slemmen</i> IV, 9
<i>salba</i> IV, 4	<i>slenken</i> I, 6
<i>sālīg</i> I, 1	<i>schlenzen</i> I, 10
<i>selken</i> IV, 4	<i>slenzic</i> I, 10; IV, 5
<i>schlabbern</i> I, 5; IV, 4, 9	<i>slēo</i> II, 4; IV, 2, 4, 5
<i>schlack</i> IV, 4	<i>slerfen</i> I, 12; IV, 1, 4
<i>schlackern</i> IV, 4	<i>slīch</i> II, 10; IV, 4
<i>slaf</i> I, 4; IV, 5	<i>slicken</i> II, 10; IV, 10
<i>slāf</i> I, 4; IV, 5	<i>sliechen</i> III, 5
<i>slah</i> I, 6; IV, 4	<i>slieme</i> IV, 6
<i>slahta</i> I, 7	<i>slier</i> III, 2; IV, 4
<i>slam</i> I, 5; IV, 4, 9	<i>slīfan</i> II, 5; IV, 2, 4, 7
<i>slamp</i> IV, 9	<i>slīhhan</i> II, 10; IV, 2
<i>slampen</i> I, 4; IV, 1, 4, 9	<i>slihten</i> IV, 7
<i>schlampen, -pfen</i> IV, 9	<i>slīm</i> IV, 2, 4
<i>slampieren</i> IV, 9	<i>slīmp</i> I, 5
<i>slanc</i> I, 6; IV, 5	<i>schlimpe</i> II, 5
<i>slango</i> I, 7	<i>slīnc</i> I, 6; IV, 5, 8
<i>slarfe</i> I, 12	<i>slingan</i> I, 6; IV, 1
<i>slāt, slōt</i> IV, 5	<i>schlingen</i> IV, 8
<i>schlau</i> III, 6a	<i>slint</i> I, 10; IV, 5, 8
<i>schlaube</i> III, 4; IV, 6	<i>slīo</i> II, 4
<i>slēha</i> II, 11	<i>slīofan</i> III, 3

<i>sliozan</i> III, 8	<i>slump</i> I, 4; IV, 4, 9
<i>sluide</i> III, 7; IV, 6	<i>slün</i> III, 1; IV, 3, 5
<i>slizen</i> II, 8; IV, 2, 7	<i>slunt</i> I, 10; IV, 5, 8
<i>schlofen</i> III, 4	<i>schlunzen</i> I, 10
<i>sloufe</i> III, 3; IV, 5, 6	<i>sluot</i> IV, 4
<i>sloufen</i> III, 3	<i>slüpfen</i> III, 3; IV, 4, 9
<i>slote</i> III, 7; IV, 4	<i>slupfloch</i> IV, 6
<i>sloten</i> III, 7	<i>slür</i> III, 2; IV, 3, 4, 5
<i>slotern</i> III, 7; IV, 3	<i>slurc</i> I, 12; IV, 5, 8
<i>slöze</i> III, 8; IV, 4	<i>schlürfen</i> IV, 4
<i>slüch</i> III, 5; IV, 5, 8	<i>slurken</i> I, 12; IV, 8
<i>slüchen</i> III, 5; IV, 8	<i>sumpf</i> IV, 4a
<i>slucken</i> III, 5; IV, 8	<i>swalch</i> IV, 8
<i>slüder</i> III, 7	<i>schwappen</i> IV, 4a
<i>slüder-affe</i> III, 7; IV, 5	<i>swelgan</i> IV, 8
<i>sluf</i> IV, 6	<i>verschlagen</i> I, 9
<i>sluhtisch</i> III, 5; IV, 5	

Old and New Dutch.

<i>slouren</i> III, 2; IV, 3, 4	<i>slöve</i> III, 4; IV, 6
<i>slinder</i> I, 10; IV, 5	<i>slurpen</i> I, 12; IV, 49
<i>slinderen</i> I, 10	

Old English.

<i>hlanc</i> IV, 5a	<i>slādan</i> II, 7; IV, 2
<i>hlinc</i> IV, 5a	<i>slāfan</i> III, 4; IV, 3
<i>-līsian</i> III, 6a	<i>slāfe</i> III, 4; IV, 6
<i>list</i> III, 6a	<i>slāpa</i> IV, 4
<i>ofer-slop</i> IV, 6	<i>-slīfan</i> II, 6; IV, 7
<i>sāl</i> I, 1	<i>slīm</i> II, 3
<i>salo</i> III, 1	<i>slincan</i> I, 6; IV, 1
<i>-seolcan</i> I, 6; IV, 1, 4	<i>slīpīg</i> IV, 4
<i>slæc</i> I, 6; IV, 1, 5	<i>slōh</i> IV, 4
<i>slæd</i> I, 10; IV, 5	<i>slota</i> IV, 9
<i>slagu</i> IV, 4	<i>slūma</i> III, 1
<i>slā-wyrm</i> II, 11	<i>slūpan</i> III, 3; IV, 4, 9
<i>slīc</i> II, 10	<i>sulh</i> I, 9
<i>slicc</i> II, 10	

Mod. English and Dialects.

<i>sallow</i> III, 1	<i>sludder</i> IV, 9
<i>slab</i> IV, 5	<i>slue</i> III, 1; IV, 3
<i>slant</i> I, 10	<i>slug</i> III, 6; IV, 3
<i>slash</i> I, 11	<i>slump</i> I, 4; IV, 4
<i>slattern</i> I, 10; IV, 5	<i>slur</i> III, 2
<i>slaver</i> IV, 4, 9	<i>slush</i> I, 11; IV, 4
<i>sleet</i> III, 8; IV, 4	<i>slut</i> III, 8; IV, 4, 5, 9
<i>slive</i> II, 6; IV, 2, 4	<i>slutter</i> IV, 9
<i>sliver</i> II, 6; IV, 7	<i>sly</i> III, 6a
<i>slop</i> IV, 4, 9	<i>swamp</i> IV, 4a
<i>slot</i> III, 8; IV, 5	<i>swank</i> IV, 4a
<i>slouch</i> III, 5; IV, 5	<i>swanky</i> IV, 4a
<i>slough</i> III, 6; IV, 6	<i>swap</i> IV, 4a
<i>sloven</i> III, 4; IV, 5	<i>swoop</i> IV, 4a
<i>slub</i> III, 4	

Old Norse.

<i>slafask</i> I, 5; IV, 1	<i>slita</i> II, 8
<i>slafir</i> I, 5	<i>slōð</i> I, 10; IV, 4
<i>slaga</i> I, 9; IV, 1, 4	<i>slōðra</i> III, 7; IV, 3, 4, 9
<i>slagna</i> IV, 4	<i>slok</i> III, 5; IV, 4
<i>slamra</i> I, 3	<i>sloka</i> III, 5; IV, 8
<i>slapa</i> I, 4; IV, 1	<i>slokr</i> IV, 4
<i>slāpr</i> I, 4; IV, 5	<i>slor</i> IV, 4
<i>slasask</i> I, 11; IV, 1, 4	<i>slōra</i> I, 12; IV, 1
<i>slauka</i> III, 5; IV, 3, 4	<i>slota</i> III, 8; IV, 9
<i>slefa</i> I, 5; IV, 4, 9	<i>slunginn</i> I, 7
<i>sleif</i> II, 6	<i>slupra</i> III, 3; IV, 4, 9
<i>sleikja</i> II, 10; IV, 10	<i>slūta</i> III, 8; IV, 3, 4
<i>sleita</i> II, 8; IV, 2, 5	<i>sl̥y</i> III, 6
<i>slen</i> I, 2; IV, 1, 5	<i>slyðra</i> III, 7; IV, 3
<i>slepja</i> I, 4	<i>slyngr</i> I, 7
<i>sleppa</i> I, 4	<i>slyngva</i> I, 7
<i>sleyma</i> III, 1; IV, 3, 5	<i>slyttinn</i> III, 8, IV, 5
<i>slādr</i> IV, 6	<i>slōða</i> I, 10
<i>sliga</i> II, 13; IV, 2	<i>slōgr</i> I, 9
<i>slīkr</i> IV, 7	<i>slōma</i> I, 3
<i>slinni</i> I, 2	

Dano-Norwegian.

<i>logre</i> IV, 4a	<i>slud</i> III, 8; IV, 4
<i>slark</i> I, 12; IV, 5	<i>slunken</i> I, 6
<i>slarke</i> I, 12	<i>slurk</i> I, 12
<i>slat</i> I, 10; IV, 1, 5	<i>slægt</i> I, 7
<i>slire</i> II, 14; IV, 2, 6	<i>slæng</i> I, 7

Swedish.

<i>sank</i> IV, 4a	<i>slump</i> I, 4
<i>slang</i> IV, 6	<i>slumpa</i> I, 4
<i>slankig</i> I, 6	<i>slusk</i> I, 11; IV, 4
<i>slarf</i> IV, 5	<i>sluta</i> III, 8
<i>slarfva</i> I, 12; IV, 1, 9	<i>slutta</i> III, 8; IV, 3
<i>slask</i> I, 11; IV, 4	<i>slyna</i> III, 1; IV, 3, 5
<i>slind</i> OSw. I, 10; IV, 5	<i>slýngel</i> I, 7
<i>slinka</i> I, 6	<i>slå</i> I, 9
<i>slinta</i> I, 10; IV, 1	<i>slända</i> I, 10
<i>sloka</i> III, 5	<i>slängd</i> I, 7
<i>sluddra</i> III, 7; IV, 9	<i>solk</i> IV, 4
<i>slug</i> I, 9; III, 6a	<i>svamp</i> IV, 4a
<i>slummen</i> III, 1; IV, 3, 5	

Lithuanian.

<i>lendù</i> IV, 5a	<i>slardau</i> I, 12
<i>lindynė</i> IV, 5a	<i>slatau</i> I, 10; IV, 1
<i>liūgas</i> IV, 4a	<i>slaudžiu</i> III, 8; IV, 4
<i>liulėti</i> IV, 4a	<i>slaužiu</i> III, 5; IV, 3, 4
<i>liulýnas</i> IV, 4a	<i>slėdnas</i> I, 10; IV, 1, 5
<i>liunginti</i> IV, 4a	<i>slėgiu</i> I, 6
<i>sala</i> IV, 4	<i>slenkù</i> I, 7; IV, 1
<i>sėlà</i> I, 1; IV, 1, 5	<i>slepiu</i> I, 5; IV, 1
<i>sėlava</i> III, 1	<i>slėpsna</i> I, 5; IV, 5
<i>sėlė</i> IV, 4	<i>slėkas</i> II, 10; IV, 2, 4
<i>sėlenà</i> IV, 6	<i>slidus</i> II, 7; IV, 2
<i>selejimas</i> II, 3; IV, 2	<i>slýkstu</i> II, 13; IV, 2
<i>sėlinu</i> I, 2	<i>-slimpa</i> II, 6
<i>selù</i> I, 1; IV, 1, 4	<i>slýstu</i> II, 7
<i>sėlūju</i> I, 1	<i>slývas</i> II, 4
<i>silpnas</i> I, 5; IV, 1, 4, 5	<i>slogus</i> I, 6
<i>silpti</i> I, 5	<i>slubnas</i> III, 3; IV, 3, 5
<i>slābnas</i> I, 4; IV, 5	<i>slukau</i> III, 6
<i>slankė</i> I, 7	<i>slúkstu</i> III, 5; IV, 3
<i>slapūs</i> I, 5	

Lettic.

*slaid*s II, 7
*slai*ka IV, 2, 4
*slai*ks IV, 4
slēpt I, 5

slīpt II, 6; IV, 2, 4
*schl'**aups* III, 4; IV, 3
schl'ukt III, 6

Church Slavonic.

lězq II, 10; IV, 2
slqkū I, 6
slēpati IV, 4
slēpū II, 6; IV, 4

sliva II, 4
sludy III, 8; IV, 3, 4
sūlati I, 1

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